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Wilford Hall Medical Center Lackland AFB, Texas



Case Report SSNHL: Effects of Expedient Intervention and Management

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U.S. AIR FORCE



Overview



- Introduction
- Motivation
- Literature Review
- Case Report
- Conclusions



Rationale



- Provide practical roadmap based on positive effects seen in case study.
- Management & occupational function implications
 - SSHL only true audiology emergency
 - Effects of timely intervention in recovery of hearing
 - Benefit of treatment options available



Literature Review General facts on SSNHL



- SSHL first described in 1944 by De Kleyn
- Incidence ranges 5-20/100,000
 - May be higher due to 65% spontaneous recovery
- Etiology dx only in 10-25% of cases
 - 75-90% remain idiopathic ("I don't know")



Literature Review Early Intervention



- Critical periods of intervention
 - Panda et al (2008) & Cvorovic et al (2009)
 - Recovery ranged: 60% <7 days & 17.2%>7 days
 - Zadeh et al (2003)
 - 65% within 3 days & 35% 4-7 days
- Critical period appears to be 3-7 days



Literature Review

Medical Treatments



- Standard treatment procedure
 - MRI rule out retrocochlear pathology
 - High dose steroids 10-14 days- oral Prednisone
 - Antiviral no proven benefit
- Intratympanic steroid injections
 - Plaza and Herraiz (2007) show 72% recovery
 - Xenellis et al (2006) control study show improvement with intratympanic injections after failure of intravenous treatment for 10 days
 - Multiple treatments (2-3) i.e. dexamethasone concurrently with oral steroids sequentially for 3-4 weeks



Literature Review

Medical Treatments



- Hyperbaric oxygen therapy (HBOT)
 - Increases circulation of blood in/around cochlea
 - Some additional recovery shown
 - Most effective when combined with steroid therapy
- Topuz et al (2004) control study
 - Most significant changes in losses >61 dB & pts <50 years old</p>
- Muzzi et al (2010)
 - Low frequency hearing
 - Time sensitive



Case Report Initial Intervention



- 52 yr old female noticed sudden loss RE since 0530
- Reported RE fullness/tinnitus & facial numbness
- Pure-tone test: Profound to severe SNHL RE, normal hearing LE
- ABR: RE absent; LE normal
- Immediately seen by neurotologist
 - Intra-tympanic and oral steroid therapy initiated within 6 hours of occurrence



Case Report Treatment



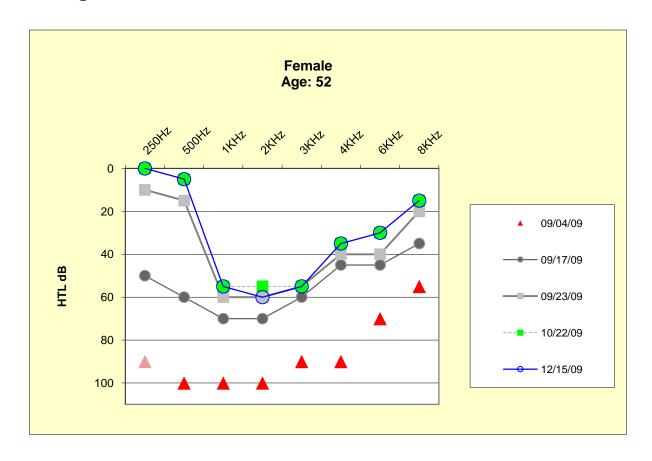
- Oral steroid therapy for 4 weeks
- Intratympanic steroid injections 1X/week for 1st 3 weeks following onset
- HBOT
 - 10 dives within 1 week, often 2 per day (AM & PM)
- Weekly audiograms during and after treatment



Case Report



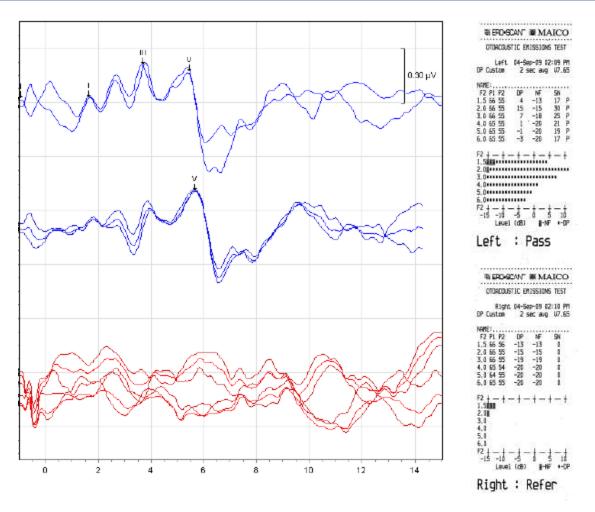
• Audiological data:





Case Report



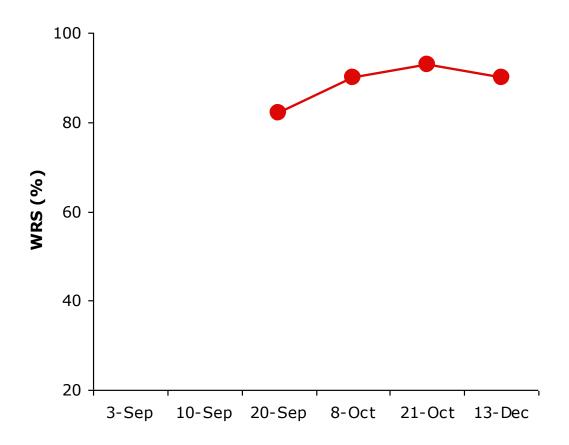




Case Report



Speech discrimination scores:





Conclusions



- Expedient intervention is critical in recovery
- 1st line providers (PC & ER Staff) may lack awareness
 - Unaware of symptoms & critical time line for recovery
- All treatment options should be explored
- In this case hearing appeared to recover in 2 stages
 - 1st pure tone hearing sensitivity
 - Then speech understanding



Recommended procedures Audiology



- Patients presenting with sudden loss should be seen by audiology immediately
 - Pure tone and speech testing
 - OAEs
 - ABR
- If SSNHL confirmed treat ASAP
- Weekly monitoring of pt during treatment
- Follow up with amplification options & regular audiometric exams or as needed



Recommended procedures Otolaryngology

SOLD MEDICAL WIND

- Preference given to sudden hearing loss pt
 - It is a hearing emergency -- time is critical
- Imaging studies and blood tests to determine etiology/rule out other pathologies
- Oral steroids -14 days with taper
- Intratympanic steroid injections
 - 3-4 treatments, 1X/Week depending on improvements seen in audiologic testing
- Hyperberic oxygen therapy (if available)



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Questions



